

Item 04 – GRI Sector Standards Project for Textiles and Apparel Draft project proposal

For GSSB approval

Date	7 October 2021
Meeting	21 October 2021
Description	This document sets out the draft project proposal to develop a Sector Standard for the textiles and apparel sector, for Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB) discussion and approval to send to the GRI Board and Stakeholder Council for feedback.
	The proposed scope for the sector includes retailers, a decision that will need to be ratified by stakeholder consultations.
	After feedback from the GRI Board and Stakeholder Council has been received and incorporated, the Standards Division will present the proposal to the GSSB for final approval, in accordance with the Due Process Protocol .
6	Please note : the development and submission of this draft project proposal marks the intention for the GRI Sector Standards Project for Textiles and Apparel to be next to commence under the GRI Sector Program. The commencement date of this project has not been determined and is subject to the resource availability.

This document has been prepared by the GRI Standards Division and is made available to observers at meetings of the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB). It does not represent an official position of the GSSB. Board positions are set out in the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards. The GSSB is the independent standard setting body of GRI. For more information visit www.globalreporting.org.

Contents

Project background	
Sector overview	
Sustainability impacts	
Project objectives	
Division of responsibilities	
Timeline	
	653
	0,
	c the
	Ö
	70:
KICI	
all	
a of least a second and a second a seco	
* 101	
201	
208	
200	
.5	
KIN,	

Project background 2

- 3 In February 2019, the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB) approved the GRI Sector
- Program to improve clarity and consistency in sustainability reporting. 4
- 5 The first pilot sector standard - GRI 11: Oil and Gas Sector 2021 - is finalized and has been
- 6 released; the Standards for coal, and agriculture, aquaculture, and fishing have completed their public
- 7 comment periods and a fourth Sector Standard, for mining, is under development. A draft project
- 8 proposal for a Sector Standard for food is also being presented to the GSSB.
- 9 Textiles and apparel are the next sector in line to have a standard developed, according to the list of
- 10 sectors approved by the GSSB in November 2020. In this decision, consideration was given to the
- 11 high sustainability impact of its activities to the synergies this sector will have with the Agriculture,
- 12 Aquaculture and Fishing Project.

Sector overview

- It is proposed that the Sector Standard for textiles and apparel will apply to organizations whose 14 an official c
- primary focus lies on: 15

13

- 16 Textile production
- 17 Apparel manufacturing
- 18 Footwear manufacturing
- 19 Apparel retail.
- The textiles and apparel sector provides a basic societal need (clothing) and encompasses a broad 20
- value chain from the production of raw materials and fibres, to spinning, weaving or knitting, to dyeing 21
- 22 and finishing, cutting and sewing, logistics and distribution, to apparel retail sales.
- 23 The Standards Division recommends including retail into the scope of the sector.
- 24 The textiles and apparel sector is widely distributed across the globe, with major retailers in the
- 25 clothing industry located in the United States, Europe and Australia, and major manufacturers located
- 26 in developing countries such as India, China, Turkey, Pakistan, Indonesia, Bangladesh, etc.
- 27 Therefore, products are highly traded across countries. Many organizations are vertically integrated,
- 28 but this is a highly competitive and fragmented sector.
- 29 It is proposed that this project is titled 'GRI Sector Standards Project fortextiles and apparel'.
- 30 However, the scope and name of this standard may deviate from this proposal following
- 31 recommendations from the Textiles and Apparel Working Group.
- 32 Table 1 lists the relevant classifications from external classification standards, specifically the
- 33 International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), Industry Classification
- 34 Benchmark (ICB), Global Industry Classification System (GICS), and SICS Sustainable Industry
- 35 Classification System® (SICS®)1.

¹ Sustainable Industry Classification System® or SICS® is the classification system of SASB.

37

Classification Standard	Classification No.	Classification Name
ISIC	13	Manufacture of textiles
	14	Manufacture of wearing apparel
	15	Manufacture of leather and related products
	4641	Wholesale of textiles, clothing and footwear
	4751	Retail sale of textiles in specialized stores
	4782	Retail sale via stalls and markets of textiles, clothing and footwear
	9601	Washing and (dry-) cleaning of textile and fur products
ICB	55101020	Textile Products
	40204020	Clothing and Accessories
	40204025	Footwear
	40204030	Luxury Items
	40401020	Apparel Retailers
GICS	252030	Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods
	25504010	Apparel Retail
SICS®	CG.1	Apparel & Textiles

Sustainability impacts

- 38 The key criterion for prioritizing sectors is their sustainability impacts. This takes into
- 39 account the significance of the sector's impacts, considering their scale, scope, character and
- 40 likelihood. It also considers the size of the sector, the sector's distribution around the world and the
- 41 number of organizations from that sector that are in a position to use the GRI Standards.
- 42 A second criterion for prioritizing a sector is the potential to exploit learnings and synergies from other
- 43 Sector Standards that have been recently developed. Based on these criterion, textiles and
- 44 apparel has been selected to be the Sector Standard to be developed next.
- 45 Textile and apparel products are highly traded across borders, following a complex and multi-layered
- 46 value chain that may prevent stakeholders from identifying sustainability impacts of organizations.
- 47 Apparel is a labor-intensive industry, and it is estimated that 75 million people are employed in clothes
- 48 manufacturing today; 80% of whom are young women between the ages of 18 and 24². Poor working
- 49 conditions and wages not meeting living standards are on the agenda among the concerns in the
- 50 textiles and apparel sector. According to the United States Department of Labor³, there's evidence of
- 51 forced and child labor in the fashion industry in Argentina, Bangladesh, Brazil, China, India,
- 52 Indonesia, Philippines, Turkey, Vietnam and more.

² Elizabeth Reichart and Deborah Drew, 'By the Numbers: The Economic, Social and Environmental Impacts of "Fast Fashion", 1 October 2019, https://www.wri.org/insights/numbers-economic-social-and-environmental-impacts-fast-fashion

³ U.S. Department of Labor, 'List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor', 23 June 2021, https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ilab/reports/child-labor/list-of-goods

- 53 Production of textiles and apparel have notable environmental impacts, including water pollution and
- 54 the release of microplastics. Waste is also a critical issue for the industry, with more than 80% of
- 55 clothes and other textiles ending its life being incinerated of landfilled⁴. These impacts are provided to
- 56 give a first indication of the scope of issues covered by the proposed project. However, the issues
- 57 recommended for inclusion within a Sector Standards for the textiles and apparel sector will be
- 58 determined by a multi-stakeholder process in accordance with the Due Process Protocol and may
- 59 diverge from those contained within this project proposal.
- 60 These impacts are provided to give a first indication of the scope of issues covered by the proposed
- 61 project. However, the issues recommended for inclusion within a Sector Standard for textiles and
- 62 apparel will be determined by a multi-stakeholder process in accordance with the Due Process
- 63 Protocol and may diverge from those contained within this project proposal.

Project objectives

- 65 The primary objective of this project is to develop a Sector Standard that improves the sustainability
- 66 reporting of textiles and apparel organizations, making reporting more complete and consistent across
- 67 the sector.

64

69

70

71

72

73

77

78

79

82

83

84 85

86

87

- 68 This Sector Standard will:
 - Identify and describe the topics that are likely material for a reporting organization in the textiles and apparel sector based on the sector's most significant impacts.
 - Provide evidence and authoritative references for these topics to assist organizations to identify if they are material for them.
 - Identify and list appropriate disclosures for reporting on those topics.
- As per the new GRI Universal Standards, organizations in the textiles and apparel sector that want to report in accordance with GRI standards will be required to use this Sector Standard.
- 76 Recommendations may also be made by the Working Group regarding:
 - The scope, key, and name of the Sector Standard.
 - Considerations that may be relevant to Sector Standards for related sectors.
 - Revisions or updates to other GRI Standards.
- Impacts identified within this project for which no GRI Standard exists will be assessed and prioritized by the GSSB for future GRI Standards development.

Division of responsibilities

A multi-stakeholder Working Group will be formed to contribute to identifying the most significant impacts for the textiles and apparel sector and give recommendations on the development of the Standard. The Standards Division will draft the Standard, and the GSSB will have oversight and final approval over the Standard before its release.

⁴ European Parliament, 'The Impact of Textile Production and Waste on the Environment', 29 December 2020, https://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/en/headlines/society/20201208STO93327/the-impact-of-textile-production-and-waste-on-the-environment-infographic

- The Standards Division will ensure coherence between the Sector Standard for textiles and apparel and any Standards approved or under development.
- 91 The project will be conducted in accordance with the GSSB Due Process Protocol.

Timeline

- Janfirmed on Anfirmed on Anfir 93 The commencement date of this project has not been determined and is subject to resource 94
- commencement date, along with the predicted dates of other key milestones will be confirmed once 95
- 96

88

89

90

92



Barbara Strozzilaan 336
1083 HN Amsterdam
The Netherlands
gssbsecretariat@globalreporting.org

Table 2: Estimated duration of Sector Standards Project for textiles and apparel⁵

Phase	~Duration (months)	Month I	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6	Month 7	Month 8	Month 9	Month 10	Month 11	Month 12	Month 13	Month 14	Month 15	Month 16	Month 17	Month 18	Month 19	Month 20	Month 21	Month 22	Month 23	Month 24
Project commencement	1																								
Open call & recruitment of PWG	3																								
GSSB approval of Working Group membership	-				*																				
Content development by Working Group	9																								
GSSB approval of exposure draft	7 1														•										
Public comment period	3																								
Analysis of public comments and revision of draft	6																								
GSSB approval of final standard	1																								•
Total (months)	24																								

This document has been prepared by the GRI Standards Division and is made available to observers at meetings of the Global Sustainability Standards Board (GSSB). It does not represent an official position of the GSSB. Board positions are set out in the GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards. The GSSB is the independent standard setting body of GRI. For more information visit www.globalreporting.org.

⁵ Project scheduling changes may occur over the course of the project, including extensions to the duration of project due to approval processes or other circumstances.